

10/10/00

10-12-00

A

PTO/SB/05 (08-00)

Approved for use through 10/31/2002. OMB 0651-0032

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Please type a plus sign (+) inside this box → ☐

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number

UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Attorney Docket No. IR3-012

First Inventor Jere F. Irwin

Title Apparatus and Method for
Conveying, Guiding, and Locating

Express Mail Label No. EL465688324

APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

1. ☒ Fee Transmittal Form (e.g., PTO/SB/17) in dupl.
(Submit an original and a duplicate for fee processing)
2. ☒ Applicant claims small entity status
See 37 CFR 1.27.
3. ☒ Specification [Total Pages 30] title page
(preferred arrangement set forth below)
- Descriptive title of the invention
 - Cross Reference to Related Applications
 - Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R & D
 - Reference to sequence listing, a table, or a computer program listing appendix
 - Background of the Invention
 - Brief Summary of the Invention
 - Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed)
 - Detailed Description
 - Claim(s)
 - Abstract of the Disclosure
4. ☒ Drawing(s) (35 U.S.C. 113) [Total Sheets 4] Figs. 1-4
5. ☐ Oath or Declaration [Total Pages]
- a. ☐ Newly executed (original or copy)
- b. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63 (d))
(for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed)
- i. ☐ **DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)**
Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application, see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).
6. ☐ Application Data Sheet. See 37 CFR 1.76

ADDRESS TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Box Patent Application
Washington, DC 20231

7. ☐ CD-ROM or CD-R in duplicate, large table or Computer Program (Appendix)
8. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission (if applicable, all necessary)
- a. ☐ Computer Readable Form (CRF)
- b. Specification Sequence Listing on:
- i. ☐ CD-ROM or CD-R (2 copies); or
- ii. ☐ paper
- c. ☐ Statements verifying identity of above copies

ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

9. ☐ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))
10. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement of Attorney (when there is an assignee) ☐ Power of Attorney
11. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)
12. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 ☐ Copies of IDS Citations
13. ☐ Preliminary Amendment
14. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503)
(Should be specifically itemized)
15. ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
(if foreign priority is claimed)
16. ☐ Other: Check for \$ 373.00

17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box, and supply the requisite information below and in a preliminary amendment, or in an Application Data Sheet under 37 CFR 1.76:

☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP)

of prior application No. /

Prior application information

Examiner

Group / Art Unit

For CONTINUATION OR DIVISIONAL APPS only: The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which an oath or declaration is supplied under Box 5b, is considered a part of the disclosure of the accompanying continuation or divisional application and is hereby incorporated by reference. The incorporation can only be relied upon when a portion has been inadvertently omitted from the submitted application parts.

18. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

☒ Customer Number or Bar Code Label

021567

(Insert Customer No. or Attach bar code label here)

or ☐ Correspondence address below

Name

Address

City

State

Zip Code

Country

Telephone

Fax

Name (Print/Type)

Keith D. Grzelay

Registration No. (Attorney/Agent)

37,144

Signature

Keith D. Grzelay

Date 10/10/00

Burden Hour Statement: This form is estimated to take 0.2 hours to complete. Time will vary depending upon the needs of the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you are required to complete this form should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, Washington, DC 20231. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Box Patent Application, Washington, DC 20231

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

**FEE TRANSMITTAL
for FY 2000**

Patent fees are subject to annual revision.

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PAYMENT (\$) 373.00**Complete if Known**

Application Number	
Filing Date	October 10, 2000
First Named Inventor	Jere F. Irwin
Examiner Name	
Group Art Unit	
Attorney Docket No.	IR3-012

METHOD OF PAYMENT (check one)

1. ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayments to:
- Deposit Account Number: 23-0925
- Deposit Account Name: Wells, St. John, et al.

☒ Charge Any Additional Fee Required
Under 37 CFR 1.16 and 1.17☒ Applicant claims small entity status
See 37 CFR 1.272. ☒ **Payment Enclosed:**☒ Check ☐ Credit card ☐ Money Order ☐ Other**FEE CALCULATION****1. BASIC FILING FEE**

Large Entity Fee Code (\$)	Small Entity Fee Code (\$)	Fee Description	Fee Paid
101 690	201 345	Utility filing fee	355
106 310	206 155	Design filing fee	
107 480	207 240	Plant filing fee	
108 690	208 345	Reissue filing fee	
114 150	214 75	Provisional filing fee	

SUBTOTAL (1) (\$) 355**2. EXTRA CLAIM FEES**

Total Claims	Extra Claims	Fee from below	Fee Paid
22	-20** = 2	9	18
3	-3** = 0	39	0

**or number previously paid, if greater, For Reissues, see below

Large Entity Fee Code (\$)	Small Entity Fee Code (\$)	Fee Description
103 18	203 9	Claims in excess of 20
102 78	202 39	Independent claims in excess of 3
104 260	204 130	Multiple dependent claim, if not paid
109 78	209 39	** Reissue independent claims over original patent
110 18	210 9	** Reissue claims in excess of 20 and over original patent

SUBTOTAL (2) (\$) 18**FEE CALCULATION (continued)****3. ADDITIONAL FEES**

Large Entity Fee Code (\$)	Small Entity Fee Code (\$)	Fee Description	Fee Paid
105 130	205 65	Surcharge - late filing fee or oath	
127 50	227 25	Surcharge - late provisional filing fee or cover sheet	
139 130	139 130	Non-English specification	
147 2,520	147 2,520	For filing a request for ex parte reexamination	
112 920*	112 920*	Requesting publication of SIR prior to Examiner action	
113 1,840*	113 1,840*	Requesting publication of SIR after Examiner action	
115 110	215 55	Extension for reply within first month	
116 380	216 190	Extension for reply within second month	
117 870	217 435	Extension for reply within third month	
118 1,360	218 680	Extension for reply within fourth month	
128 1,850	228 925	Extension for reply within fifth month	
119 300	219 150	Notice of Appeal	
120 300	220 150	Filing a brief in support of an appeal	
121 260	221 130	Request for oral hearing	
138 1,510	138 1,510	Petition to institute a public use proceeding	
140 110	240 55	Petition to revive - unavoidable	
141 1,210	241 605	Petition to revive - unintentional	
142 1,210	242 605	Utility issue fee (or reissue)	
143 430	243 215	Design issue fee	
144 580	244 290	Plant issue fee	
122 130	122 130	Petitions to the Commissioner	
123 50	123 50	Petitions related to provisional applications	
126 240	126 240	Submission of Information Disclosure Stmt	
581 40	581 40	Recording each patent assignment per property (times number of properties)	
146 690	246 345	Filing a submission after final rejection (37 CFR § 1.129(a))	
149 690	249 345	For each additional invention to be examined (37 CFR § 1.129(b))	
179 690	279 345	Request for Continued Examination (RCE)	
169 900	169 900	Request for expedited examination of a design application	

Other fee (specify) _____

* Reduced by Basic Filing Fee Paid

SUBTOTAL (3) (\$) _____**SUBMITTED BY**

Name (Print/Type)	Keith D. Orzelak	Registration No. (Attorney/Agent)	37,144	Telephone	509/624-4276
Signature		Date	10/10/00		

WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card information should not be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038.

Burden Hour Statement. This form is estimated to take 0.2 hours to complete. Time will vary depending upon the needs of the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you are required to complete this form should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, Washington, DC 20231. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 20231.

EL 465688324JC925 U.S. PTO
09/686714
10/10/00

1 **APPARATUS AND METHOD**
2 **FOR CONVEYING, GUIDING, AND**
3 **LOCATING A THERMOFORMABLE WEB**

4 **TECHNICAL FIELD**

5 This invention pertains to an apparatus and method for handling
6 a thermoformed sheet or web of plastic or foam material containing
7 thermoformed thin-walled articles when separating the articles from the
8 web. More particularly, this invention relates to a trim press article
9 handling apparatus such as a conveyor having a treadle in the form of
10 a web and article conveying, guiding, and locating device.

11
12 **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

13 Various devices are known for trimming thin-walled articles from
14 sheets of thermoformed plastic material. The trimming or severing of
15 such articles from a continuous sheet of thermoformable plastic and/or
16 foam material has long been known in the art. Additionally, sheet
17 guides and mechanical treadles are known for moving the sheet and
18 articles for intermittent severing between coacting punches and dies of
19 a trim press.

20 US Patent No. 4,173,161 discloses a mechanical trim press that
21 includes a mechanical treadle having feed fingers mounted on the
22 treadle. The feed fingers comprise a mechanical linkage that interacts
23 with projecting integral tabs formed in the sheet to advance the sheet

1 to a die in step-by-step movement that is mechanically synchronized with
2 the stroke of the punch. The treadle also includes opposed pairs of
3 vertical guide strips between each article. Each guide strip is carried by
4 a spacer that is mounted onto a cross frame member of the treadle.
5 Opposed pairs of guide strips, provided between each adjacent pair of
6 formed articles in the sheet, are spaced apart slightly from each other
7 by a distance slightly greater than the thickness of the sheet passing
8 therebetween. However, such close spacing coupled with the use of
9 guide strips between every adjacent pair of articles results in increased
10 frictional forces which tends to result in mis-feeding and jamming of the
11 treadle, particularly when running the treadle at relatively high product
12 feed rates.

13 14 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

15 A treadle device is provided for conveying, guiding, and locating
16 web-supported articles or products during a web processing operation.
17 More particularly, a treadle assembly guides web-supported articles into
18 a trim press prior to and while severing the articles from the web.
19 Such treadle device provides accurate location of articles while moving
20 the web while and reducing frictional forces generated between the
21 treadle and web which otherwise result in an increased occurrence of
22 mis-feeds and misalignment of the web and articles, particularly during
23 relatively high speed trim operations. An additional degree of accuracy

1 plate. The web conveyor has a servo pick assembly and a servo helper
2 assembly driven by a servo motor, and is configured to move a web of
3 articles wherein the servo pick assembly is carried by the treadle. The
4 article detector is carried by the treadle and is operative to detect
5 location of an article in the web during movement of the web. The
6 controller communicates with the drive motors and the article detector
7 and is operative to controllably regulate and synchronize operation of the
8 servo pick assembly and the servo helper assembly in response to
9 detected location of the article.

10 According to yet another aspect, a method is provided for
11 delivering web-supported articles between dies and punches of a trim
12 press, including: providing a treadle having an article detector; while
13 moving the web and articles, guiding the web and articles along the web
14 and between a pair of articles in a row extending transverse to a travel
15 path direction; detecting location of an article in the web using the
16 article detector; in response to detecting the location of the article,
17 controllably moving the web to position the article between a
18 corresponding punch and die of the trim press.

19 20 **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

21 Preferred embodiments of the invention are described below with
22 reference to the following accompanying drawings.
23

1 Fig. 1 is a vertical side view of a thermoforming machine trim
2 press having a treadle conveying, guiding, and locating device embodying
3 one aspect of the invention.

4 Fig. 2 is a simplified partial perspective view of the treadle of
5 Fig. 1 and illustrates an article sensing device provided by the treadle.

6 Fig. 3 is a simplified sectional view taken generally along line 3-3
7 of Fig. 2 but including the trim press punch plate and die plate of
8 Fig. 1 and further showing the control system and servo pick conveyor.

9 Fig. 4 is an enlarged, simplified sectional view of the primary
10 guide member and web guide plate taken generally along line 3-3 of
11 Fig. 2 and including a web containing articles.

12 13 **DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS**

14 This disclosure of the invention is submitted in furtherance of the
15 constitutional purposes of the U.S. Patent Laws "to promote the progress
16 of science and useful arts" (Article 1, Section 8).

17 Reference will now be made to a preferred embodiment of
18 Applicant's invention. One exemplary implementation is described below
19 and depicted with reference to the drawings comprising an article
20 conveying, guiding, and locating device and method for aligning articles
21 within a web of thermoformable material for a severing operation.
22 While the invention is described by way of a preferred embodiment, it
23 is understood that the description is not intended to limit the invention

to this embodiment, but is intended to cover alternatives, equivalents, and modifications such as are included within the scope of the appended claims.

In an effort to prevent obscuring the invention at hand, only details germane to implementing the invention will be described in great detail, with presently understood peripheral details being incorporated by reference, as needed, as being presently understood in the art.

A preferred embodiment of Applicant's invention is shown on a thermoforming machine trim press having a treadle system that is generally designated with reference numeral 10 in Figure 1. More particularly, treadle system 10 is provided on a trim press 12 to accurately convey, guide, and locate articles 14 formed within a sheet, or web, 16 of thermoformable material during an article trim operation that severs articles 14 from web 16. Treadle system 10 is operative to intermittently convey and align articles 14 so as to successively sever rows of such articles 14 from the web 16.

A control system 18 of treadle system 10 choreographs operation of trim press 10 acting in unison with a servo motor driven conveyor 20 that includes a servo pick assembly 60 and a servo helper assembly 62. Conveyor 20 moves web 16 in which individual articles, or products, 14 have previously been formed using a thermoforming machine (not shown). In operation, web 14 is driven in intermittent motion using control system 18 and conveyor 20 to successively feed individual rows of articles

Further details of one exemplary trim press similar to trim press 12, but configured in a vertical orientation are disclosed in Applicant's co-pending U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/576,219, entitled "Article Stacking Device, Trim Press Article Accumulator, and Method of Stacking Thermoformed Articles", naming Jere F. Irwin as inventor. Such U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/576,219 is herein incorporated by reference. Trim press 12, as depicted herein, is a modified version of Applicant's commercially available trim press "Model 28NT Trim Press", sold by Irwin Research and Development, of Yakima, Washington. The modifications entail adding the novel control system 18, conveyor assembly 20, and treadle system 10.

In order to improve the speed and accuracy with which articles 14 are severed from web 16 by trim press 12, treadle 10 is provided on trim press 12 incorporating desired features of Applicant's invention. Treadle 10 provides highly accurate article conveying, guiding, and locating when delivering web-supported articles between punches 22 and dies 24 of trim press 12.

Trim press 12 includes a movable platen 26, a stationary platen 28,
a punch plate 30, and a die plate 32. Punch plate 30 is carried for

movement by movable platen 26, whereas die plate 32 is fixedly carried by stationary platen 28. However, it is understood that platen 28 and die plate 32 can also be movably supported for operation according to an alternative construction.

As shown in Figure 1, movable platen 26 is carried for horizontal reciprocation by crank arm assemblies 34-37. Details of one exemplary thermoforming machine suitable for incorporating treadle 10 and having such crank arm assemblies are shown in U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 08/691,856, now U.S. Patent No. 6,067,886, entitled "Machine Trim Press Having Counterbalance Features", and naming the inventor as Jere F. Irwin. Such U.S. Patent No. 6,067,886 is herein incorporated by reference.

An electric servo motor 31 drives crank arm assemblies 34-37 via a transfer case assembly 33 including a pair of connected transfer cases and a respective pair of rotating drive shafts 39, 41 similar to those disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 6,067,886, previously incorporated by reference.

Each crank arm assembly 34-37 comprises a throw arm 38 and a platen connecting rod 40, wherein arm 38 and rod 40 cooperate to form a kinematic linkage that drives a dedicated corner of platen 26 for horizontal, guided reciprocation. Additionally, two cylindrical, stationary guide posts (not shown) are rigidly carried by a frame 42 to support platen 26 for movement in an axial, horizontal direction. Optionally,

1 four guide posts can be configured to support platen 26 with two
2 corresponding bronze bushings. The use of platen guide posts is
3 understood in the art. Accordingly, such guide posts have been omitted
4 from the figures in order to simplify the drawing and to prevent
5 obscuring the invention at hand.

6 Additionally, a pair of stationary, cylindrical guide posts 44, 46 are
7 rigidly supported by frame 42 to guide horizontal, reciprocating movement
8 of treadle 10 relative to frame 42 and stationary platen 28. Bronze
9 bushings 48 and 50-51 on treadle 10 are affixed to a frame 52 of
10 treadle 10, and are configured to slide along guide posts 44, 46,
11 respectively.

12 Stationary guide members 54 and 56, in the form of pairs of edge
13 guide tracks and central guide tracks, form a self-feeding canopy 49 that
14 guides web 16 and articles 14. More particularly, guide members 54 and
15 56 guide and move web 16 and articles 14 from a thermoforming
16 machine (not shown), positioned upstream of trim press 12, downwardly
17 into treadle 10 and between punch plate 30 and die plate 32 for
18 severing articles 14 from web 16 therebetween.

19 Web conveyor assembly 20 moves web 16 and articles 14 along
20 guide members 54 and 56 and through treadle 10. Web conveyor 20
21 comprises a servo pick assembly 60 and a servo helper assembly 62.
22 Servo pick assembly 60 is carried by treadle 10, whereas servo helper
23 assembly 62 is carried by guide member 54. Accordingly, servo pick

1 assembly 60 is carried for movement relative to stationary servo helper
2 assembly 62.

3 As shown in Figure 1, web conveyor assembly 20 is illustrated in
4 simplified form. More particularly, servo pick assembly 60 and servo
5 helper assembly 62 are each depicted as a drive wheel assembly 64, 66,
6 wherein each includes a servo motor (not shown) that is controllably
7 actuated via a control system 18 to impart intermittent motion that feeds
8 web 16 into trim press 12.

9 Servo pick assembly 60 and servo helper assembly 62, according to
10 one construction, each include a Siemens servo motor Model Part
11 No. 1FT5062-1AC71-4FA0, commercially available in the United States
12 from Siemens Energy & Automation, of Atlanta, Georgia. Additionally,
13 the servo motors for servo pick assembly 60 and servo helper assembly
14 62 each further includes a rotary encoder which is used in conjunction
15 with the servo motor as a feedback signal to detect motion of drive
16 wheels 72 and 78 in order to directly measure the amount of feed
17 imparted by server helper assembly 62 relative to the feed of servo pick
18 assembly 60. Accordingly, the servo helper assembly is synchronized in
19 relation to the speed of the servo pick assembly.

20 According to prior art techniques, a servo pick assembly was
21 utilized with a helper assembly having a variable speed motor. The
22 variable speed motor was regulated so as to deliver a distance of web
23 at least as much as that which is moved by the servo pick assembly.

1 An accumulation region was provided along guide member 54 to
2 accumulate any excess web which is overfed by the helper assembly,
3 wherein the helper assembly is driven by the variable speed motor which
4 is run at a speed that delivers a web equal to or greater in quantity
5 than that delivered by the servo pick assembly. Hence, the accumulation
6 of web and articles occurs along the guide member. However, the
7 buildup of excess sheet there along has a tendency to bounce the sheet
8 and articles around, which can cause misalignment problems and cause
9 a reduction in the maximum operating speed for the conveyor.
10 Accordingly, synchronization of a servo helper assembly with a servo pick
11 assembly leads to increased product throughput rates. Such result is
12 realized because the motor on the servo helper assembly can duplicate
13 a nearly identical motion as the motor on the servo pick assembly since
14 both motors comprise servo motors.

15 Additionally, a photo proximity switch 112 is carried by guide
16 member 56, beneath one edge of web 16 for detecting the proximity of
17 web 16 in relation to guide member 56. More particularly, switch 112
18 comprises a Model No. E51-Q25FN6FF100Q sensor, otherwise referred
19 to as an Easy-Easy-Beam Q25 Series sensor, sold commercially by Banner
20 Engineering Corporation of Minneapolis, Minnesota. Such a photo
21 proximity switch has a focal range that monitors the proximity of web
22 16. When the web is within a focal point range of approximately four
23 inches, a digital output is generated. When the focal point exceeds the

approximately four-inch range, a different digital value is generated and delivered to control system 18. Accordingly, control system 18 monitors the proximity of web 16 relative to guide member 56 of canopy 49. When a significant amount of detected separation occurs between web 16 and guide member 56, control system 18 reduces the operating speed of drive wheels 78 for servo helper assembly 62. Accordingly, the delivery speed of servo helper assembly 62 relative to servo pick assembly 60 is controllably regulated by control system 18 in response to the signal detected by photo proximity switch 112. Alternatively, it is understood that any of a number of other proximity switches can be utilized, such as proximity mode ultrasonic sensors, or optical detectors.

By controllably regulating the operating speed of drive wheels 78 relative to drive wheels 72, the accumulation of web 16 therebetween is substantially prevented.

Accordingly, the need for a substantial accumulation area along guide member 54 is eliminated. Furthermore, motion of the web and articles is monitored at treadle 10 via article detector 80 and control system 18. For cases where servo helper assembly 62 does not exactly mimic the delivery rate for the servo pick assembly 60 or when misalignment is detected or likely to occur, control system 18 briefly and quickly opens or raises follower wheel 76 away from drive wheel 78 using a pneumatic cylinder which raises each follower wheel 76 along opposite edges of web 16. Hence, opening of follower wheels 76 for a

As shown in Figure 1, drive wheel assembly 64 comprises two pairs of co-acting wheels that are provided along opposite side edges of web 16. An outermost wheel of each pair comprises a follower wheel 70 and an innermost wheel of each pair comprises a drive wheel 72. The pair of drive wheels 72 are driven by a common servo motor using a splined shaft (not shown) that extends between the drive wheels and drives each wheel using a splined drive wheel attached to each drive wheel 72 that attaches to the splined shaft via a correspondingly splined drive belt. Accordingly, each drive wheel 72 is actuated and driven by a common servo motor.

Accordingly, actuation of drive wheel assembly 64 via controller 68 is operative to intermittently deliver rows of articles 14 into trim press 12. Such rows of articles 14 are then severed as control circuitry 68 of central system 18 actuates a severing operation via trim press 10. Subsequently, a scrap web 74 is delivered from trim press 12 and ground into small pieces using a comminuting device (not shown) configured for grinding up scrap web 74 and positioned beneath trim press 12.

Similarly, drive wheel assembly 66 comprises two pairs of co-acting top and bottom wheels that are provided along opposite side edges of web 16. A topmost wheel of each pair comprises a follower wheel 76 and a bottom-most wheel of each pair comprises a drive wheel 78 that is actuated and driven by a servo motor. As was the case with driver assembly 64, drive wheels 78 of drive wheel assembly 66 are driven using

As shown in Figure 1, drive wheel assembly 64 comprises a dual servo motor driven roller feed assembly referred herein as servo pick assembly 60. According to one construction, follower wheels 70 and 76 are each formed from a high density polyethylene (HDPE) plastic material. Also according to one construction, drive wheels 72 and 78 are each formed from an anodized aluminum material having a knurled radial outer surface that coacts with web 16.

13 Additionally, web 16 is delivered through an oven and a
14 thermoforming machine using a web conveyor, upstream of trim press 12.
15 One exemplary detailed construction for a web conveyor is disclosed in
16 U.S. Patent No. 5,806,745, herein incorporated by reference.

17 According to one construction, article registration is carried out by
18 adjusting the operation of conveyor 20 using controller 18 in order to
19 adjust the advancement and positioning of individual articles between
20 punch plate 30 and die plate 32.

21 However, in some cases, it is very difficult to adjust the set-up
22 and component positioning for a web conveyor in order to accurately and
23 precisely deliver articles 14 between punch plate 30 and die plate 32.

Hence, article registration implemented solely using conveyor set-up and control does not always sever such articles in a sufficiently uniform and accurate manner. Furthermore, there are limitations to the accuracy with which a servo motor can drive conveyor assembly 20, and therefore, in the ability of such servo motors to accurately place articles 14 between punch plate 30 and die plate 32. Oftentimes, it is the case that articles 14 are off by several millimeters, which can produce an undesirable effect, particularly where article 14 is of a complicated shape, or article 14 comprises a foldable container having a hinge which requires a high degree of accuracy in forming and severing thereof in order to accurately place the hinge.

Accordingly, an article registration device (not shown) can alternatively be added to punch plate 30 and die plate 32 in order to provide an enhanced ability to accurately register articles 14 between punch plate 30 and die plate 32 when severing such articles 14 from web 16. One suitable article registration device is disclosed in Applicant's pending U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/575,783, entitled "Apparatus and Method Registering Articles During a Web Processing Operation", naming the inventor as Jere F. Irwin, and herein incorporated by reference.

After severing articles 14 from web 16, the scrap web is delivered into a comminuting apparatus (not shown) that is provided directly beneath punch plate 30 and die plate 32. Several different comminuting

1 apparatus are suitable for grinding up the resulting scrap web are
2 disclosed in U.S. Patents Nos. 4,687,144; 5,836,527; 5,860,607; and
3 5,893,523, each herein incorporated by reference. Scrap web 74 is
4 accordingly forwarded into such a recycling, pulverizing machine where
5 the scrap web is shredded and then later recycled to form a new web
6 of thermoformable plastic material.

7 Details of one exemplary thermoforming machine suitable for
8 forming articles 14 within web 16 are disclosed in U.S. Patent No.
9 5,773,540. U.S. Patent No. 5,773,540 is herein incorporated by reference.

10 Control system 18 of Figure 1 comprises a controller having control
11 circuitry 68 such as processing circuitry and memory. According to one
12 construction, processing circuitry is provided by a central processing unit
13 (CPU). According to another construction, processing circuitry is
14 provided by a microcontroller which cooperates to form the controller.
15 It is understood that memory is operative to store software subroutines
16 that are retrieved and implemented on the processing circuitry in order
17 to impart motion control functionality by way of controller 18 to trim
18 press 12 and conveyor 20.

19 As shown in Figure 1, control system 18 is operative to generate
20 control signals that direct operation of servo drive motor 31 that drives
21 crank arm assemblies 34-37 and thereby imparts reciprocation to movable
22 platen 26. Servo drive motor 31 comprises a highly accurate
23 computerized servo motor and servo drive which can be accurately driven

gross alignment structure which is received between adjacent rows of articles so as to grossly induce alignment of articles with web guide plate 100 relative to article apertures 102.

Primary guide member 82 and secondary guide member 84 each include an attachment plate 92 having a quick release adjustment collar 92 which includes a threaded, rotatable lock arm that enables clamping and unclamping of adjustment collar 92 along a central one of tire rods 90. In this manner, primary guide member 82 and secondary guide member 84 can be quickly and easily laterally adjusted in position relative to web guide plate 100 so as to accommodate changes to different die configurations.

Primary guide member 82 further comprises a clamp bar 96 affixed with fasteners to attachment plate 94, and further affixed to support a guide strip 98 that is nested in proximate relation relative to a surface of guide plate 100. According to one construction, a gap exists between guide strip 98 and web guide plate 100 somewhere in the range of 1-3.5 thicknesses of a web of material which is to be received and processed therebetween.

Secondary guide member 84 further comprises a clamp bar 96 carried by attachment plate 94 and further supporting a guide strip 198. Guide strip 198 is constructed so as to provide a substantially greater amount of clearance between guide strip 198 and web guide 100 than is provided between guide strip 98 and web guide plate 100. Accordingly,

guide strip 198 is spaced apart from plate 100 at least 3.5 thicknesses of a web which is to be received and processed therethrough. Preferably, web guide plate 100 is provided within a range of 3.5 to 10 thicknesses (or more) of a web of material. In this manner, delivery of a web and articles there along is principally guided by guide strip 98, and little or not contact occurs between guide strip 198 and such web during a processing operation.

Additionally, as shown in Figure 2, article detector 80 comprises an optical emitter 104 carried by attachment plate 94 of primary guide member 82 and a detector 106 carried by attachment plate 94 of secondary guide member 84. A light beam 108 is generated from emitter 104 and received at detector 106. The presentment of an article between primary guide member 82 and secondary guide member 84 causes interruption of light beam 108 which is detected at the control system 18 (of Fig. 1). Accordingly, the positioning of articles can be readily determined utilizing the control system and article detector 80 pursuant to Applicant's invention.

As additionally illustrated in Figure 2, servo pick assembly 60 comprises a pair of drive wheels 72 and follower wheels 70 along opposite edges of a web of material which is processed therebetween. Follower wheels 70 are retracted with each utilizing a knock lever mechanism 110 as treadle 10 is moved towards stationary platen 24 (of Fig. 1). Accordingly, drive wheels 72 and follower wheels 70 are

Also illustrated in Figure 3, guide strip 98 is shown in close proximity with web guide plate, or web guide member, 100. In contrast, guide strip 198 is shown spaced relatively far apart from plate 100.

Figure 4 illustrates an enlarged partial view corresponding with line 3-3 of Figure 2, the relative positioning of guide strip 98 of primary guide member 82 (see Fig. 2) relative to web guide plate 100. Guide strip 98 is provided in relatively close proximity with plate 100 so as to ensure alignment and positioning of web 16 (and articles 14) relative to articles apertures 102 in plate 100.

In compliance with the statute, the invention has been described in language more or less specific as to structural and methodical features. It is to be understood, however, that the invention is not limited to the specific features shown and described, since the means herein disclosed comprise preferred forms of putting the invention into effect. The invention is, therefore, claimed in any of its forms or modifications within the proper scope of the appended claims appropriately interpreted in accordance with the doctrine of equivalents.

1 **CLAIMS:**

2 1. A trim press article handling apparatus, comprising:
3 a frame;
4 a punch carried by the frame;
5 a die carried by the frame and cooperating in relative
6 movement with the punch to sever articles from a web; and

7 a treadle carried for movement relative to the die, the
8 treadle including a web guide member, a primary guide strip spaced from
9 the guide member slightly greater than a thickness of the web, a
10 secondary guide strip spaced from the guide member at least four
11 thicknesses of the web and spaced apart from the primary guide strip,
12 and an article detector carried by at least one of the primary guide strip
13 and the secondary guide strip and operative to detect position of an
14 article in the web by detecting the position of a protuberance in the
15 web as the protuberance is conveyed between the primary guide strip and
16 the secondary guide strip.

17
18 2. The article handling apparatus of claim 1 further comprising
19 control circuitry communicating with the article detector and a drive
20 motor operative to move the treadle, the control circuitry configured to
21 receive an input signal from the article detector indicative of the position
22 of a web-supported article relative to the punch and the die, and
23 operative to control operation of the drive motor to synchronize

1 movement of the web-supported article via controlled motion of the
2 treadle.

3
4 3. The article handling apparatus of claim 2 wherein the article
5 detector comprises an optical emitter and a photodetector, one of the
6 optical emitter and the photodetector provided on the primary guide strip
7 and the other provided on the secondary guide strip spaced apart from
8 the primary guide strip, wherein movement of a protuberance in the web
9 between the optical emitter and the photodetector generates an output
10 signal from the photodetector to the control circuitry indicative of the
11 location of an article relative to the guide plate member.

12
13 4. The article handling apparatus of claim 2 wherein the article
14 detector comprises an optical detector configured to generate a signal
15 indicative of a change of state when a protuberance is detected with the
16 optical detector.

17
18 5. The article handling apparatus of claim 2 wherein the
19 protuberance is an article formed in web.

20
21 6. The article handling apparatus of claim 2 further comprising
22 a drive wheel assembly for moving a web and articles, the drive wheel
23

1 assembly comprising a pair of roller feed assemblies provided on opposed
2 edges of a web.

3
4 7. The article handling apparatus of claim 6 wherein each of
5 the pair of roller feed assemblies provides a servo pick assembly having
6 a servo motor controllably driven by the control circuitry.

7
8 8. The article handling apparatus of claim 1 wherein the
9 primary guide strip and the web guide member depend in a vertical
10 orientation from the treadle and the punch and the die are supported
11 for relative movement in a horizontal direction.

12
13 9. The article handling apparatus of claim 7 wherein a topmost
14 portion of the primary guide strip is flared away from the web guide
15 member to accommodate entrance feeding of the web during movement
16 between the treadle and the frame.

17
18 10. The article handling apparatus of claim 1 wherein the web
19 guide member comprises a web guide plate providing a stripper plate for
20 a trim press.

21
22 11. An article conveying, guiding, and locating device, comprising:
23

1 a treadle including a web guide plate, a guide strip spaced
2 slightly greater than a thickness of the web from the guide plate;

3 a web conveyor having a servo pick assembly and a servo
4 helper assembly driven by a servo motor, and configured to move a web
5 of articles wherein the servo pick assembly is carried by the treadle;

6 an article detector carried by the treadle and operative to
7 detect location of an article in the web during movement of the web;
8 and

9 a controller communicating with the drive motors and the
10 article detector and operative to controllably regulate and synchronize
11 operation of the servo pick assembly and the servo helper assembly in
12 response to detected location of the article.

13
14 12. The device of claim 11 wherein the motor for the servo pick
15 assembly comprises a servo motor carried by the treadle.

16
17 13. The device of claim 11 wherein the article detector detects
18 location of an article in the web by optically detecting the location of
19 a protuberance in the web provided at a known location in the web
20 relative to an article.

21
22 14. The device of claim 11 wherein the web conveyor comprises
23 a pair of wheels provided along each edge of the web.

1 15. The device of claim 14 wherein each pair of the wheels
2 comprises a drive wheel and a follower wheel coacting on opposite sides
3 of the web, wherein the drive wheel is driven by a servo motor under
4 control of the controller.

5
6 16. The device of claim 11 wherein one of the drive wheel and
7 the follower wheel is selectively engaged and disengaged under control
8 of the controller such that each pair of drive wheel and follower wheel
9 is disengaged in anticipation of a severing operation to remove the
10 articles from the web.

11
12 17. The device of claim 11 wherein the guide strip is spaced
13 from the guide plate less than four thicknesses of the web.

14
15 18. The device of claim 11 further comprising a canopy, wherein
16 the servo helper assembly is carried by the canopy and the servo pick
17 assembly is carried by the treadle, and wherein a web detector is
18 provided between the servo helper assembly and the servo pick assembly
19 to detect proximity of the web relative to the canopy, and wherein the
20 controller, in response to movement of web from the canopy, regulates
21 operating speed of the motor for the servo helper assembly to adjust
22 delivery speed at the servo helper assembly relative to delivery speed of
23 the motor at the servo pick assembly.

1 19. A method for delivering web-supported articles between dies
2 and punches of a trim press, comprising:

3 providing a treadle having an article detector;

4 while moving the web and articles, guiding the web and
5 articles along the web and between a pair of articles in a row extending
6 transverse to a travel path direction;

7 detecting location of an article in the web using the article
8 detector; and

9 in response to detecting the location of the article,
10 controllably moving the web to position the article between a
11 corresponding punch and die of the trim press.

12
13 20. The method of claim 19 wherein the step of detecting
14 location comprises optically detecting movement of an article relative to
15 the article detector.

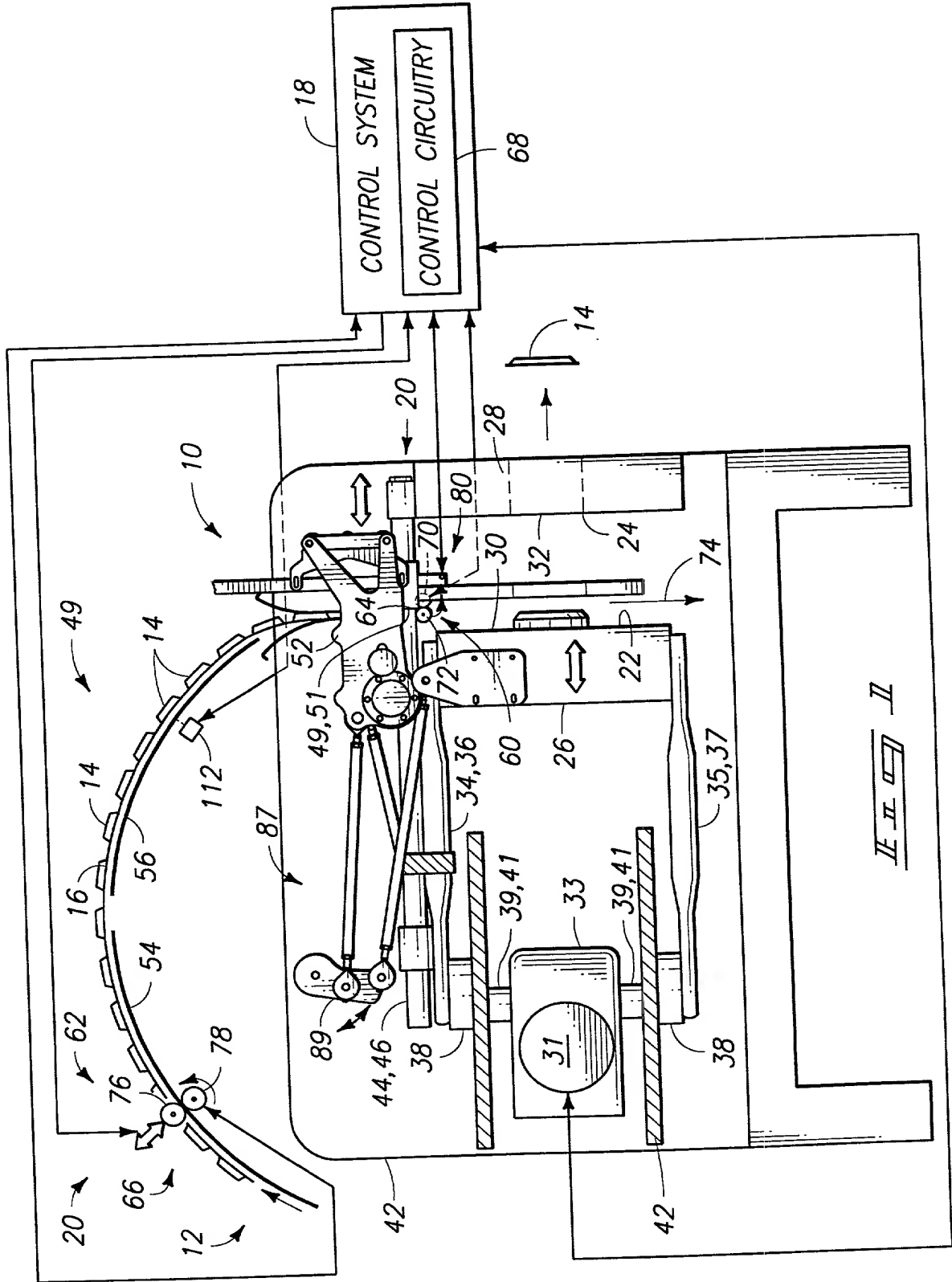
16
17 21. The method of claim 19 wherein the step of detecting
18 location of an article comprises optically detecting a protuberance in the
19 web.

20
21 22. The method of claim 19 wherein the protuberance is an
22 article embedded in a web.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A trim press article handling apparatus includes a frame, a punch, a die, and a treadle. The punch is carried by the frame. The die is carried by the frame and cooperates in relative movement with the punch to sever articles from a web. The treadle is carried for movement relative to the die. The treadle includes a web guide member, a primary guide strip spaced from the guide member slightly greater than a thickness of the web, a secondary guide strip spaced from the guide member at least four thicknesses of the web and spaced apart from the primary guide strip, and an article detector carried by at least one of the primary guide strip and the secondary guide strip. The article detector is operative to detect position of an article in the web by detecting the position of a protuberance in the web as the protuberance is conveyed between the primary guide strip and the secondary guide strip. A method is also provided.

000101" 44298960



II

2/4

